Claims

- 1. A retardation element characterized in that a liquid crystalline or non liquid crystalline polymer thin film layer having photoactive groups, subjected to photo orientation treatment is formed on a substrate, and a birefringence layer oriented in a micropattern form is formed so as to contact with said polymer thin film layer.
- 2. The retardation element according to Claim 1, wherein the photoactive group is at least one group selected from a group consisting of non-aromatic N=N, non-aromatic C=C and non-aromatic C=N.
- 3. The retardation element according to Claim 1 or 2, wherein the liquid crystalline polymer thin film layer is a thin film layer consisting of a polyamide resin, a polyimide resin, a polyester resin, a polyurethane resin, or a polyvinyl cinnamate resin.
- 4. The retardation element according to Claim 1 or 2, wherein the non liquid crystalline polymer thin film layer is a thin film layer consisting of polymethacryloyl(acryloyl) oxymethoxycarbonyloxyethylazobenzene.
- 5. The retardation element according to any one of Claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the birefringence layer oriented in a micropattern form is a birefringence layer oriented with birefringence molecules in a micropattern form.
- 6. The retardation element according to Claim 5, wherein the birefringence molecule is nematic liquid crystal having thermotropic liquid crystalline property.
- 7. The retardation element according to Claim 5, wherein the birefringence layer is a lyotropic liquid crystalline

substance.

- 8. A method for producing a retardation element, characterized by forming a liquid crystalline or non liquid crystalline polymer thin film layer having photoactive groups on a substrate, and then, after irradiation of linear polarized light to said polymer thin film layer, forming a birefringence layer oriented in a micropattern form on said polymer thin film layer.
- 9. The method for producing a retardation element according to Claim 8, characterized in that the photoactive group is at least one group selected from a group consisting of non-aromatic N=N, non-aromatic C=C and non-aromatic C=N.
- 10. The method for producing a retardation element according to Claim 8 or 9, wherein the liquid crystalline or polymer thin film layer is a thin film layer consisting of a polyamide resin, a polyimide resin, a polyester resin, a polyurethane resin, or a polyvinyl cinnamate resin.
- 11. The method for producing a retardation element according to any one of Claims 8 to 10, characterized in that the non liquid crystalline polymer thin film layer is a thin film layer consisting of polymethacryloyl(acryloyl) oxymethoxycarbonyloxyethylazobenzene.
- 12. The method for producing a retardation element according to any one of Claims 8 to 11, characterized in that formation of the birefringence layer orientated in a micropattern form is formation of birefringence molecules orientated in a micropattern form.
- 13. The method for producing a retardation element according to Claim 12, characterized in that the birefringence

molecule is nematic liquid crystal having thermotropic liquid crystalline property.

- 14. The method for producing a retardation element according to Claim 12, wherein the birefringence layer is a lyotropic liquid crystalline substance.
- 15. The method for producing a retardation element according to any one of Claims 8 to 14, characterized in that linear polarized light is obtained for said polymer thin film layer through a mask with a micropattern form.
- 16. A method for producing a retardation element, characterized by forming a liquid crystalline or non liquid crystalline polymer thin film layer having photoactive groups on a substrate, irradiating linear polarized light to said polymer thin film layer, through a mask with a micropattern form, then by irradiating linear polarized light having a different polarizing axis through a mask with a different micropattern form, and thereby forming a birefringence layer consisting of birefringence molecules, on said polymer thin film layer and orienting said birefringence molecules in a micropattern form.
- 17. A method for producing a retardation element according to Claim 16, wherein the photoactive group is at least one group selected from a group consisting of non-aromatic N=N, non-aromatic C=C and non-aromatic C=N.
- 18. The method for producing a retardation element according to Claim 15 or 16, wherein the liquid crystalline polymer thin film layer is a thin film layer consisting of a polyamide resin, a polyimide resin, a polyester resin, a polyurethane resin, or a polyvinyl cinnamate resin.

19. The method for producing a retardation element according to Claim 15 or 16, wherein the liquid crystalline polymer thin film layer is a thin film layer consisting of polymethacryloyl(acryloyl)

oxymethoxycarbonyloxyethylazobenzene.

- 20. The method for producing a retardation element according to Claim 16, characterized in that irradiation of the linear polarized light is carried out by irradiation of laser light having polarized light property.
- 21. A three-dimensional display, which is a liquid crystal display, wherein at least one of opposing upper and lower substrates is a substrate having a retardation element according to any one of Claims 1 to 7.